Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74) VLR = 2/26/79 NRHP-6/22/79 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR FOR NPS USE ONLY NATIONAL PARK SERVICE RECEIVED NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM DATE ENTERED SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS INAME HISTORIC Joseph Jordan House (Preferred) Boykin's Quarter; Jordan's NOMMOD BOYGUE Hattie Barlow Moody Farm LOCATION STREET & NUMBER West side State Route 683, north of intersection with State Route 681. NOT FOR PUBLICATION CITY, TOWN CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT Raynor Fourth (Robert W. Daniel) VICINITY OF CODE STATE CODE COUNTY Virginia 51 Isle of Wight 093 CLASSIFICATION CATEGORY OWNERSHIP STATUS **PRESENT USE** XAGRICULTURE \_\_DISTRICT \_PUBLIC \_OCCUPIED \_\_MUSEUM XBUILDING(S) X PRIVATE X\_UNOCCUPIED \_\_COMMERCIAL \_\_PARK \_\_STRUCTURE \_WORK IN PROGRESS \_\_EOUCATIONAL \_\_PRIVATE RESIDENCE \_SITE . **PUBLIC ACQUISITION** ACCESSIBLE \_\_ENTERTAINMENT \_\_RELIGIOUS \_OBJECT \_IN PROCESS \_YES: RESTRICTED \_\_GOVERNMENT \_SCIENTIFIC \_\_BEING CONSIDERED YES: UNRESTRICTED \_\_INDUSTRIAL \_TRANSPORTATION  $\overline{X}^{NO}$ \_MILITARY \_\_OTHER: OWNER OF PROPERTY NAME James P. Wells STREET & NUMBER Route 2 CITY TOWN STATE Ivor Virginia 23866 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Isle of Wight County Courthouse STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN STATE Isle of Wight Virginia REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission Survey \_FEDERAL XSTATE \_COUNTY \_LOCAL 1975 DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission 221 Governor Street CITY, TOWN Richmond Virginia\_23219

#### CONDITION

\_\_DETERIORATED

CHECK ONE
X\_UNALTERED
\_\_ALTERED

CHECK ONE

XORIGINAL SITE

X\_GOOD \_\_FAIR

\_\_EXCELLENT

\_\_UNEXPOSED

\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_

#### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Joseph Jordan House, known in the 19th century as Jordan's or Boykins Quarter and in the 20th century as the Hattie Barlow Moody Farm, is a 150-acre tract set in swampy Isle of Wight County not far from the Blackwater River. The original house is a story-and-a-half frame building with brick ends. A later one-room, two-story frame addition stands at the north end, and a one-cell kitchen ell extends to the rear (west). The original section is three bays long and is clad with original beaded weatherboards on the front and later plain weatherboards on the rear. The sash on the front are 4/4 replacements of the original 9/9 sash; the latter survive on the rear.

The brick ends are laid in Flemish bond with rodded joints, a single glazed chevron following the gable, and queen closers. Each end has a deep rake and a brick chimney projecting equidistantly on the exterior and the interior. The chimneys have tiled weatherings set well below the eaves line and tall, partially engaged stacks with heavy corbelled caps. The house is covered with a gable roof with a box cornice. Of especial note are the clerestory windows which illuminate the second story. These run most of the length of the house and are comprised of four continuous sash, two lights high and eight lights long. They are set into a long shed which meets the main roof at the ridge. This feature, known as a trapdoor monitor, is an early alteration. Originally the upper story was lit by a pair of four-light casement windows in each gable.

The north wing is a two-story, one-bay structure covered by a front-facing gable roof with deep returned eaves. Lit by 2/2 sash flanked by louvered blinds, the structure stands on brick piers. At the same time this wing was erected, a hip-roofed hexastyle porch with chamfered posts having a neck band about one-third of the distance from the top was built to connect the two portions visually. The result was to create a house similar to many being built in the area at the time--a one- and a two-story section joined in an L-plan with their gables at right angles.

At the rear is a square, one-story frame kitchen connected to the rest of the house by an open porch. These kitchens were commonly built on local houses of all sizes in the late 19th and early 20th centuries.

The plan of the original section of the Jordan House is the traditional hall-parlor arrangement, with a large hall to the north and a smaller parlor or chamber to the south. The plan is repeated in the second story and in the full cellar, which is accessible through an original entrance at the north gable end.

Decoration in the old house is minimal. In the hall, a plain chair rail encircles the room which is distinguished chiefly by its raised-panel mantel and closed-string stair. The mantel consists of a pair of long rectangular panels on each side and on the top with a small square panel in each corner. The whole is surmounted by a molded cornice which serves as a shelf. It is unusually delicate for a mantel of this type and age. The L-plan stair rises in the northwest corner of the hall, to the left of the fireplace, and has a square newel with a ball finial, a molded rail, and urn-and-ball balusters. The spandrel of both runs is made of flush boarding embellished with molded diagonal battens. Under the stair, set at an angle between the lower run and the fireplace, is a four-panel, raised-panel closet door hung on HL hinges. The parlor features a mantel which is similar to that in the hall and wainscoting with Victorian graining encircling the room.

(See Continuation Sheet #1)

### 8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	To All Control of All Control
PREHISTORIC 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 X1700-1799 X1800-1899 1900-	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC XAGRICULTURE XARCHITECTURE ART COMMERCE COMMUNICATIONS	COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT INDUSTRY	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	RELIGION SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER TRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY)

SPECIFIC DATES

ca. 1795

**BUILDER/ARCHITECT** 

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Joseph Jordan House, a small brick-and-frame farmhouse with distinctive architectural detailing, is a well-preserved example of a moderate-sized plantation house of the late 18th century in southeastern Virginia. It is one of the largest and most striking of an important group of architecturally related houses in the Blackwater River area where Surry, Southampton and Isle of Wight counties meet. These houses represent the first flush of prosperity for the small planters who settled the area. The later additions on the house, the outbuildings, and the 150-acre tract itself complete the picture of a typical 19th-century farmstead of the region.

The Jordans, a Quaker family, appear in the earliest land tax records of Isle of Wight County in 1782, when William Jordan was charged with 558 acres of land (the site of the present house) and his son Joseph owned 1200 acres. After the father's death ca. 1788, the son owned approximately 1900 acres including these tracts. Joseph Jordan died soon thereafter. His will, recorded in 1795, directs that his wife "compleat my dwelling house . . . and mill seat." It seems certain from architectural evidence that the present house is the same as that in the 1795 reference.

The Blackwater River area south of the James was settled at an early date by planters of lesser means than those who settled nearer the James River. A remarkable group of small houses, many inscribed with dates, suggests that these men experienced a dramatic upswing in their fortunes around the time of the Revolution. Presumably, these settlers originally occupied rude post-supported dwellings, but by the post-Revolutionary period they were able to provide for themselves more substantial houses on masonry foundations, as this group of one- and two-cell houses testifies. All of these buildings show a myriad of architectural similarities; many bear dates which affirm those connections and suggest a pride of achievement which reinforces the idea that their prosperity was very recent. The Joseph Jordan House is one of the latest and largest of these. Its brick ends and hall-parlor plan with the stairs in the corner by the chimney, rather than on the central partition (a more common arrangement), connect it with the Britt House which stands in Southampton County, about a mile from the Jordan House. The balusters at the Jordan House also resemble those at the Britt House; the stair at the latter is in turn a duplicate of that at the nearby George Holmes House, which is dated 1784. The Jordan House semiexterior end chimneys are similar in workmanship and form to one at the Britt House and bear a strong resemblance to those at the frame, hall-parlor Hunniford House and the oneroom frame Maynard House, both close by in Surry County. In short, the Jordan House fits neatly into the geographically and chronologically close-knit group which ranges in size from the one-cell or one-cell-and-lean-to houses through the hall-parlor dwellings, with a single two-story hall-parlor house, respectively, the more common and most elaborate of the group.

By 1812 William J. Boykin had purchased the property from Joseph Jordan's widow. A large landholder in the area, Boykin built a substantial plantation house called Strawberry Plains in the vicinity of the Jordan House before his death in 1824. As a result,

Isle of Wight County Deed Books 33, 34, 41, 44,	73. 252. 240.
Isle of Wight Guardian Accounts, 1826-33, 1833-1	
Isle of Wight Land Tax Books, 1782-1973.	
Isle of Wight Will Books 10, 20, 21.	
Papenfuse, Edward C., Jr. "Planter Behavior and	Economic Opportunity in a Stable Economy."
Agricultural History, XLVI, 297-311.	(See Continuation Sheet #2)
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA	(See Continuation Sheet #3) QUADRANGLE SCALE 1:24000
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 150 acres  UTM REFERENCES	QUADRANGLE NAME Raynor, Virginia
	1 1 1 8 4 3 5 1 5 1 4 0 19 3 2 13 10
ZONE EASTING NORTHING C 118 3 413 01910 410 912 61210 D VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	ZONE EASTING NORTHING 1 1 8 3 4 13 9 18 10 4 10 9 12 4 14 10
The acreage comprising the Joseph Jordan House be 583 and 4200' SSE of the intersection of State Ross along State Route 683; thence extending 1700' Soute 681; thence extending SSW 600' along said extending NW approximately 3100' to the 50' controllowing said contour; thence extending approximately chence extending 2800' E to point of origin.	outes 623 and 683; thence extending 1000' SW; thence extending SE 1600' to State route; thence extending 900' W; thence our line; thence extending about 1300' NE
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVE	ERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE CODE COU	INTY
STATE CODE COU	NTY CODE
MINORA DED DE	
II FORM PREPARED BY NAME / TITLE Virginia Historia Landmarks Commis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
· ·	sion Staff DATE
NAME/TITLE  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  ORGANIZATION	DATE
NAME/TITLE Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis	DATE sion January 1979 TELEPHONE
NAME/TITLE  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  ORGANIZATION  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  STREET & NUMBER  221 Governor Street	DATE SSION January 1979 TELEPHONE (804) 786-3144
NAME/TITLE  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  ORGANIZATION  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  STREET & NUMBER  221 Governor Street  CITY OR TOWN	DATE SSION JANUARY 1979 TELEPHONE (804) 786-3144 STATE
NAME/TITLE  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  ORGANIZATION  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  STREET & NUMBER  221 Governor Street  CITY OR TOWN  Richmond	DATE SSION January 1979 TELEPHONE (804) 786-3144 STATE Virginia 23219
NAME/TITLE  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  ORGANIZATION  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  STREET & NUMBER  221 Governor Street  CITY OR TOWN  Richmond  12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF	January 1979 TELEPHONE (804) 786-3144 STATE Virginia 23219 FICER CERTIFICATION
NAME/TITLE  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  ORGANIZATION  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  STREET & NUMBER  221 Governor Street  CITY OR TOWN  Richmond	January 1979 TELEPHONE (804) 786-3144 STATE Virginia 23219 FICER CERTIFICATION
NAME/TITLE  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  ORGANIZATION  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  STREET & NUMBER  221 Governor Street  CITY OR TOWN  Richmond  12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF	January 1979 TELEPHONE (804) 786-3144 STATE Virginia 23219 FICER CERTIFICATION
NAME/TITLE  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  ORGANIZATION  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis  STREET & NUMBER  221 Governor Street  CITY OR TOWN  Richmond  12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PR	January 1979  TELEPHONE (804) 786-3144  STATE Virginia 23219  FICER CERTIFICATION  ROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: LOCAL  Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I
Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis ORGANIZATION  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis STREET & NUMBER  221 Governor Street  CITY OR TOWN  Richmond  12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THE OF	January 1979  TELEPHONE (804) 786-3144  STATE Virginia 23219  FICER CERTIFICATION  ROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: LOCAL Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I
Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis ORGANIZATION  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis STREET & NUMBER  221 Governor Street CITY OR TOWN  Richmond  12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE NATIONAL STATE X  As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE TUCKER HILL, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission  FOR NPS USE ONLY	January 1979  TELEPHONE (804) 786-3144  STATE Virginia 23219  FICER CERTIFICATION  ROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: LOCAL  Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). I and certify that it has been evaluated according to the
Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis ORGANIZATION  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis STREET & NUMBER  221 Governor Street CITY OR TOWN  Richmond  12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THE National Hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register Criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE TUCKER HILL, Executive Director Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission	January 1979  TELEPHONE (804) 786-3144  STATE Virginia 23219  FICER CERTIFICATION  ROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: LOCAL  Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I and certify that it has been evaluated according to the  DATE FEB 25 1979  NATIONAL REGISTER
Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis ORGANIZATION  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis STREET & NUMBER  221 Governor Street CITY OR TOWN  Richmond  12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF Inclusion in the National Register criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE TUCKER HILL, Executive Director  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission  FOR NPS USE ONLY  I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE	TELEPHONE (804) 786-3144 STATE Virginia 23219  FICER CERTIFICATION ROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: LOCAL Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I and certify that it has been evaluated according to the  DATE FED 251979  NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE ATION
Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis ORGANIZATION  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commis STREET & NUMBER  221 Governor Street  CITY OR TOWN  Richmond  12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY OF INClusion in the National hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE TUCKER HILL, Executive Director  Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission  FOR NPS USE ONLY  I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE	TELEPHONE (804) 786-3144 STATE Virginia 23219  FICER CERTIFICATION ROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: LOCAL Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). I and certify that it has been evaluated according to the  DATE FED 251979  NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NP	SUSE ON	LY	uvit ja lii		
RECEIVE					
VECEIVE					
DATE EN	ITERED				

Joseph Jordan House, Isle of Wight County, Virginia

**CONTINUATION SHEET #1** 

ITEM NUMBER 7 & 8 PAGE 1

#### 7. DESCRIPTION

In the second-floor, several features are noteworthy. One is the upper stair rail which is similar to the lower one except that the newel is much more elaborate. It is a heavier version of the banisters with an unturned block at the top to which the rail is joined, surmounted by a flattened-ball finial. Newels such as this are most commonly found in large mid-18th-century houses.

The clerestory monitors were probably added ca. 1820-1840. They are a feature found on many small houses of the region and represent an intermediate step between a half-story with dormers and a full second story. Of additional interest is the clapboard roof which covers the original house. It is one of only nine known examples of this rare feature surviving in Virginia, and it is one of the best preserved.

A fine group of 19th-century frame outbuildings survives in the yard. These are set along the driveway leading to the house forming a short street with the house on axis at the end; this is the traditional 19th-century farm plan of the area. From the east, on the north side, there are a mid-19th-century office or tenant house, a late 19th-century crib on unhewn posts, a mid-19th-century crib built of square-notched planks (a minor regional tradition) and surrounded by later sheds, and an early 19th-century smokehouse covered with beaded weatherboards and expanded with a later shed at the east. Aligned with these, but standing at the rear of the house off the northwest corner, is a square mid-19th-century, board-and-batten kitchen in dilapidated condition. On the west side of the drive, opposite the tenant house, is another late 19th- or early 20th-century frame building of indeterminate use. The rest of the buildings on this side of the drive have disappeared. As was the traditional practice this complex was enclosed by a wire fence setting it off from the farm lands.

#### BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

The register boundsinclude the present bounds of the farm, which have had no significant change since 1879. The property is important partly for its connection with the agrarian history of the area, and more particularly for its connection with small planters. The 150-acre tract is especially significant, since 150 acres was the average plantation size for landowners.

DU

#### 8. SIGNIFICANCE

the Jordan House came to be known as Boykin's Quarter to signify that the property was an outlying farm. Boykin's property was divided between his widow and his two minor children. William J., Jr., and Lucy, the children, inherited the Jordan House tract. When the invalid William Jr. (or Joseph, as he was sometimes called in the county records) died in 1839, William R. Hankins (apparently a relative) purchased 800 acres of the Jordan tract from the estate. In 1841 he sold 130 acres of this tract to Dorson or Dorsey Dews for \$750. Once again, the tract became an independent farm. The acreage is significant. In his article on planters in Prince Georges County, Maryland, Edward Papenfuse has

(See Continuation Sheet #2)

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

					 	<u> </u>		 
FOR	NPS	USE	ONLY	en in Vietario de la composição	 		1000	
								73
REC	EIVE	D .						
						1.4		riana Kulon
DAT	EEN	TERE	<u>)                                    </u>					

Joseph Jordan House, Isle of Wight County, Virginia

CONTINUATION SHEET #2

ITEM NUMBER 8 & 9 PAGE 2

#### 8. SIGNIFICANCE

suggested that many farmers in the 18th-century Chesapeake assumed that 130 acres was the amount of land that could be tended by one slaveless family. Even among slaveholders, about 150 acres was the average landholding. Dorson Dews thus bought himself a small planter's farm, and over the course of his tenure built a street of domestic and argicultural outbuildings typical of the area. The tall gable-roofed smokehouse, the notched-plank crib, and the small square kitchen are all characteristic vernacular, forms in extreme southeastern Virginia. Their alignment in rows leading to the house is a practice which dates at least to the early 19th-century.

Dews died in the late 1870s, having already placed his farm and household goods in trust for his children to secure what he might "owe" them; it was conveyed to them in 1879 after his death. Dawsey C. and Benjamin F. Dews split the estate, with the west part, containing the house, going to B. F. Dews. It was then assumed that the property comprised 75 acres, or about half of the original "130" acres. In 1907 M. Dawson Moody purchased this tract from the estate of M. J. Dews, the widow of Benjamin Dews. It may be that Mrs. Dews added the wing and the kitchen ell between 1900 and 1904, when the value of the improvements was increased from \$600 to \$700. By adding the wing, she created a house which resembled on the exterior the L-plan houses which were popular in the late 19th and early 20th centuries in rural and small-town Virginia. These houses normally consisted of two sections in varying combinations of single-and two-story elements and with gable roofs set perpendicular to one another. At the same time, by adding a kitchen to the rear, in effect bringing the cooking in from the board-and-batten kitchen in the yard, Mrs. Dews would have again reflected her time and place. In the last 25 years of the 19th century, most houses in the area had kitchen ells attached. The owners of the larger houses with exterior kitchens no longer could afford the inconvenience of a wholly exterior kitchen, deprived as they were of much of their involuntary labor force. On the other hand, smaller householders who had heretofore cooked in the main rooms of their dwellings were able at last to afford an addition which would move this hot and messy operation out of their living rooms. Thus most area houses, large and small, have these appendages.

Moody's family owned the property until 1976, when the Hattie Barlow Moody Farm, as it was then known, was sold to the F. Perry and Son Lumber Co., who in turn sold it to the present owner, James P. Wells, in 1978. At that time the tract was surveyed and found to be 150 acres!

MTP/DU

#### 9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Upton, Dell. "Early Vernacular Architecture in Southeast Virginia." Ph.D. dissertation, Brown University, 1979.

. "Board Roofing in Tidewater Virginia." APT Bulletin, VIII (1978).

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

	a a more of the tree to the tree to	A STATE OF STATE OF SAME AND A STATE OF STATE
FOR NPS USE ON	ILY	
RECEIVED		
DATE ENTERED		

Joseph Jordan House, Isle of Wight County, Virginia

CONTINUATION SHEET #3

ITEM NUMBER 10

PAGE 2

#### 10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

E 18/342690/4092420

F 18/342300/4092980

G 18/342200/4093220 I 18/342740/4093330 н 18/342480/4093320

